$\qquad$

## Reteaching Page

### 5.10 Solving Fraction Equations

The Steps:

1. Use inverse operations to isolate the variable.
2. Use substitution to check your work

$$
\boldsymbol{n}+3 \frac{1}{2}=7 \frac{2}{2} \quad 5 \quad 5 \frac{3}{8}=\boldsymbol{n}-2 \frac{5}{6}
$$

isolate the variable

$$
\text { get rid of } 31 / 2 \text { by subtracting } \text { isolate the variable }
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \boldsymbol{n}=7^{2} / 3-\mathbf{3}^{1 / 2} 2 \\
& \boldsymbol{n}=4^{1 / 6}
\end{aligned}
$$

Substitute.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \quad 4 \frac{1}{6}+3^{1 / 2}=7^{2} / 3 \\
& \\
& 7 \frac{1}{3} / 3=7 \frac{1}{3} \\
& n=4 \frac{1}{6}
\end{aligned}
$$

Substitute.
get rid of $25 / 6$ by adding
$5 \frac{3}{8}+2 \frac{5}{6}=n$
$8^{5 / 24}=\boldsymbol{n}$
$5 \frac{3}{8}=8 \frac{5}{24}-2 \frac{5}{6}$
$5 \frac{3}{8}=5 \frac{3}{8}$
n $=8 \frac{5}{24}$

When you have to subtract a variable - use the fact family!

$$
6^{3 / 4}-\boldsymbol{n}=2^{1 / 2}
$$

You know:
$\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}=\mathrm{C}$
$\mathrm{B}+\mathrm{A}=\mathrm{C}$
$\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{B}=\mathrm{A}$
$\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{A}=\mathrm{B}$
This equation would be $C-B=A$ or $C-A=B \rightarrow$ either way you look at it $6 \frac{3}{4}$ is the $C$ term.
So you can switch this equation to its fact family member; $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}=\mathrm{C}$
$2 \frac{1}{2}+\boldsymbol{n}=6 \frac{3}{4}$
isolate the variable get rid of $2 \frac{1}{2}$ by subtracting

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \boldsymbol{n}=6^{\frac{3}{4} / 4}-\mathbf{2}^{1 / 2} \\
& \boldsymbol{n}=4^{\frac{1}{4}}
\end{aligned}
$$

Substitute.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 6^{3 / 4}-4^{1 / 4}=2^{1 / 2} \\
& 2^{1 / 2}=2^{1 / 2}
\end{aligned}
$$

